# AUSTRALIAN CURRICULUM, ASSESSMENT AND REPORTING AUTHORITY

# Senior Secondary Australian Curriculum

# **Achievement Standards Glossary**

# Abstract

Abstract scenario: a scenario for which there is no concrete referent provided.

# Account

Account for: provide reasons for (something). Give an account of: report or describe an event or experience. Taking into account: considering other information or aspects.

# Analyse

Consider in detail for the purpose of finding meaning or relationships, and identifying patterns, similarities and differences.

# Apply

Use, utilise or employ in a particular situation.

# Assess

Determine the value, significance or extent of (something).

# Coherent

Orderly, logical, and internally consistent relation of parts.

# Communicates

Conveys knowledge and/or understandings to others.

# Compare

Estimate, measure or note how things are similar or dissimilar.

# Complex

Consisting of multiple interconnected parts or factors.

# Considered

Formed after careful thought.

# **Critically analyse**

Examine the component parts of an issue or information, for example identifying the premise of an argument and its plausibility, illogical reasoning or faulty conclusions.

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# **Critically evaluate**

Evaluation of an issue or information that includes considering important factors and available evidence in making critical judgement that can be justified.

# Deduce

Arrive at a conclusion by reasoning.

# Demonstrate

Give a practical exhibition as an explanation.

# Describe

Give an account of characteristics or features.

# Design

Plan and evaluate the construction of a product or process.

# Develop

In history: to construct, elaborate or expand.

In English: begin to build an opinion or idea.

# Discuss

Talk or write about a topic, taking into account different issues and ideas.

# Distinguish

Recognise point/s of difference.

# Evaluate

Provide a detailed examination and substantiated judgement concerning the merit, significance or value of something.

In mathematics: calculate the value of a function at a particular value of its independent variables.

# Explain

Provide additional information that demonstrates understanding of reasoning and/or application.

# Familiar

Previously encountered in prior learning activities.

# Identify

Establish or indicate who or what someone or something is.

# Integrate

Combine elements.

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#### Investigate

Plan, collect and interpret data/information and draw conclusions about.

#### Justify

Show how an argument or conclusion is right or reasonable.

#### Locate

Identify where something is found.

#### Manipulate

Adapt or change.

#### Non-routine

*Non-routine problems*: Problems solved using procedures not previously encountered in prior learning activities.

#### Reasonableness

Reasonableness of conclusions or judgements: the extent to which a conclusion or judgement is sound and makes sense

#### Reasoned

*Reasoned argument/conclusion:* one that is sound, well-grounded, considered and thought out.

#### Recognise

Be aware of or acknowledge.

#### Relate

Tell or report about happenings, events or circumstances.

#### Represent

Use words, images, symbols or signs to convey meaning.

#### Reproduce

Copy or make close imitation.

#### Responding

*In English*: When students listen to, read or view texts they interact with those texts to make meaning. Responding involves students identifying, selecting, describing, comprehending, imagining, interpreting, analysing and evaluating.

#### **Routine problems**

Routine problems: Problems solved using procedures encountered in prior learning activities.



# Select

Choose in preference to another or others.

#### Sequence

Arrange in order.

#### Solve

Work out a correct solution to a problem.

#### Substantiate

Establish proof using evidence.

#### Succinct

Written briefly and clearly expressed.

# Sustained

Consistency maintained throughout.

#### Structured

Arranged in a given organised sequence.

*In Mathematics*: When students provide a structured solution, the solution follows an organised sequence provided by a third party.

# Synthesise

Combine elements (information/ideas/components) into a coherent whole.

#### Understand

Perceive what is meant, grasp an idea, and to be thoroughly familiar with.

# Unfamiliar

Not previously encountered in prior learning activities.